



| SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION | |
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| 1.1 Product identifier | |
| Product name | Pentobarbital C-II Solution |
| Chemical name | Pentobarbital sodium |
| Synonyms | Not Available |
| Proper shipping name | Toxic, liquids, organic, n.o.s. (contains pentobarbital sodium) |
| Chemical formula | Not Applicable |
| Other means of identification | Not Available |
| 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use | |
| Relevant identified uses | For use in dogs for humane, painless, and rapid euthanasia. A schedule II controlled drug used for euthanasia in dogs only. Not for use in humans. |
| 1.3 Details of the supplier of the substance or mixture | |
| Registered company name (US) | Dechra Veterinary Products |
| Address | 7015 College Blvd Suite 525 Overland Park, KS 66211 USA |
| Telephone | 866-933-2472 |
| Fax | Not Available |
| Email | Not Available |
| 1.4 Emergency telephone numbers | |
| Dechra (US) | 866-933-2472 |

| SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION | |
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| 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture | |
| NFPA 704 diamond | |
|  | Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances) |
| Classification | Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A, Carcinogenicity Category 2, Reproductive Toxicity Category 2, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 3 |
| 2.2 Label elements | |
| Hazard pictogram(s) |  |
| Signal word | Danger |
| Hazard statement(s) | |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H361 | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified | |
| This product is toxic to wildlife. Birds and mammals feeding on euthanized animals may be killed. Euthanized animals must be properly disposed of by deep burial, incineration or other method in compliance with state and local laws, to prevent consumption of carcass material by scavenging wildlife. | |
| Precautionary statement(s) Prevention | |
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P264 | Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling. |
| P270 | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. |
| P261 | Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray. |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment. |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. |
| P272 | Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| Precautionary statement(s) Response | |
| P301+P310 | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider. |
| P308+P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. |
| P330 | Rinse mouth. |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P333+P313 | If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P337+P313 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P302+P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. |
| P332+P313 | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P362+P364 | Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. |

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| Precautionary statement(s) storage | |
| P405 | Store locked up. |
| Precautionary statement(s) disposal | |
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation. |

| SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS | | |
|---|------------|--|
| 3.1 Substances See section above for composition of Mixtures. | | |
| 3.2 Mixtures | | |
| CAS No. | % [weight] | Name |
| 57-33-0 | 30-40 | pentobarbital sodium |
| 57-55-6 | 10-20 | propylene glycol |
| 67-63-0 | 1-10 | isopropanol |
| 100-51-6 | 1-5 | benzyl alcohol |
| 7647-14-5 | NotSpec | sodium chloride |
| Not Available | balance | Ingredients determined not to be hazardous |
| Sodium chloride: Sodium hydroxide and hydrochloric acid used to adjust pH The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. | | |

| SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES | |
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| 4.1 Description of first aid measures | |
| Eye contact | Immediately rinse eyes thoroughly with plenty of water. If wearing contact lenses, remove only after initial rinse, and continue rinsing eyes for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs or persists, consult a physician. |
| Skin contact | While wearing protective gloves, carefully remove any contaminated clothing, including shoes, and wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation or symptoms occur or persist, consult a physician. |
| Inhalation | Immediately remove the victim to fresh air. If any trouble breathing, get immediate medical attention. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. If irritation or symptoms occur or persist, consult a physician. |
| Ingestion | Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of a qualified medical professional or Poison Control Center. IMMEDIATELY consult a physician. Do not attempt to give anything by mouth to a seizing, drowsy or unconscious person. If alert, rinse mouth and drink a glass of water. |
| 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed See section 11. | |
| 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically. | |

| SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES | |
|---|---|
| 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable media include alcohol stable foam, dry chemical powder, BCF (where regulation permits), carbon dioxide. Use water spray or for large fires only. | |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture | |
| Fire incompatibility | Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e., nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result. |
| 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters: | |
| Firefighting | Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. |
| Fire/explosion hazard | Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide. May emit acrid smoke. Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive. Combustion products include: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, metal oxides, other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. |


| SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES | |
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| 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Pentobarbital Sodium is a physiologically active drug substance, it is toxic if ingested. See section 8. | |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions Do not let product enter drains, sewers, watercourses, soil or vegetation. See Section 12 | |
| 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up | |
| Minor spills | Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapors and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite. Wipe up. Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. |
| Major spills | Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering |

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| | drains or water course. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite. Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling. Neutralise/decontaminate residue (see Section 13 for specific agent). If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services. |
| Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS. | |

| SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE | |
|---|---|
| 7.1 Precautions for safe handling | |
| Safe handling | DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation in places where dust and aerosols are formed. Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS. |
| Other information | NOTE: Special security requirements may be mandated under Federal/State Regulation(s). Store in original containers. Store in vault fitted with warning devices or detectors recommended by various Federal/State authorities. Store in vault used only for the purpose of storage of drugs of addiction. Vault must be locked at all times except when the materials stored therein are required. Keep storage area free from debris, wastes and combustibles. Keep dry. Keep containers securely sealed. Protect containers against physical damage. Check regularly for spills and leaks. |
| 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | |
| Suitable container | Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well ventilated place. Store between 15-30°C (59-86°F). |
| Storage incompatibility | Store upright and out of direct sunlight. Store away from ignition sources. Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin after handling. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this substance or mixture. |

| SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 8.1 Control parameters | | | | | | |
| Occupational exposure limits (OEL) | | | | | | |
| INGREDIENT DATA | | | | | | |
| Source | Ingredient | Material name | TWA | STEL | Peak | Notes |
| US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1 | isopropanol | Isopropyl alcohol | 400 ppm / 980 mg/m ³ | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits | isopropanol | Isopropyl alcohol | 400 ppm / 980 mg/m ³ | 1225 mg/m ³ / 500 ppm | Not Available | Not Available |
| Emergency limits | | | | | | |
| Ingredient | TEEL-1 | TEEL-2 | TEEL-3 | | | |
| propylene glycol | 30 mg/m ³ | 1,300 mg/m ³ | 7,900 mg/m ³ | | | |
| isopropanol | 400 ppm | 2000* ppm | 12000** ppm | | | |
| benzyl alcohol | 30 ppm | 52 ppm | 740 ppm | | | |
| sodium chloride | 0.5 ppm | 2 ppm | 20 ppm | | | |
| Ingredient | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH | | | | |
| pentobarbital sodium | Not Available | Not Available | | | | |
| propylene glycol | Not Available | Not Available | | | | |
| isopropanol | 2,000 ppm | Not Available | | | | |
| benzyl alcohol | Not Available | Not Available | | | | |
| sodium chloride | Not Available | Not Available | | | | |
| Occupational Exposure Banding | | | | | | |
| Ingredient | Occupational Exposure Band Rating | Occupational Exposure Band Limit | | | | |
| pentobarbital sodium | E | ≤ 0.01 mg/m ³ | | | | |
| propylene glycol | E | ≤ 0.1 ppm | | | | |
| benzyl alcohol | E | ≤ 0.1 ppm | | | | |
| sodium chloride | E | ≤ 0.01 mg/m ³ | | | | |
| Notes: Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health. | | | | | | |

| MATERIAL DATA | |
|---|--|
| 8.2 Exposure controls | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | Use with adequate ventilation. Follow standard medical product handling procedures. During decontamination of work surfaces, workers should wear the same equipment recommended in Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures) of this SDS. Solutions can be handled outside a containment system or without local exhaust ventilation during procedures with no potential for aerosolization. If the procedures have a potential for aerosolization, an air-purifying respirator is to be worn by all personnel in the immediate area. For laboratory-scale handling of substances assessed to be toxic by inhalation: quantities of up to 25 g may be handled in Class II biological safety cabinets; quantities of 25 g to 1 kg may be handled in Class II biological safety cabinets or equivalent containment systems; quantities exceeding 1 kg may be handled either using specific containment, a hood or Class II biological safety cabinet. Wear appropriate gloves; lab coat, nylon coveralls or disposable Tyvek suit; safety glasses, safety shoes, and disposable booties. Use good manufacturing practices. |

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| Personal protection |  |
| Eye and face protection | For laboratory, larger scale or bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs use chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. |
| Skin protection | See Hand protection below. |
| Hands/feet protection | Use elbow length PVC gloves. NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed. Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN 374, US F739, AS/NZS 2161.1 or national equivalent). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended. |
| Body protection | See Other protection below. |
| Other protection | During patient administration, use of lightweight cotton gown or other medical attire is recommended. For quantities up to 500 g a laboratory coat may be suitable. For quantities up to 1 kg a disposable laboratory coat or coverall of low permeability is recommended. Coveralls should be buttoned at collar and cuffs. For quantities over 1 kg and manufacturing operations, wear disposable coverall of low permeability and disposable shoe covers. For manufacturing operations, air-supplied full body suits may be required for the provision of advanced respiratory protection. Eye wash unit. Ensure there is ready access to an emergency shower. For Emergencies: Vinyl suit. Train employees concerning hazards and precautions. Provide adequate exhaust ventilation. Wash hands and forearms after each use. Use indicated protective equipment while handling. Change respirator cartridges after four hours of continuous use or upon detection of an increase in breathing resistance or eye or nasal irritation. |
| Respiratory protection | A respirator is not required for routine conditions of use of this product. Respiratory protective equipment (RPE) may be required for certain laboratory and large-scale manufacturing tasks if potential airborne breathing zone concentrations of substances exceed the relevant exposure limit(s). Workplace risk assessment should be completed before specifying and implementing RPE usage. If respiratory protection is needed, use only respiratory protection authorized in the U.S. Federal OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134), equivalent U.S. State standards, or Canadian CSA Standard Z94.4-02. |

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|---|
| Appearance: Clear green liquid with slight odor | Auto ignition temperature (°C): Not Available |
| Physical state: Liquid | Decomposition temperature (°C): Not Available |
| Odor: No odor | Viscosity (°C): Not Available |
| Odor threshold: Not Available | Explosive properties: Not Available |
| pH (as supplied): Not Available | Oxidizing properties: Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C): Not Available | Partition coefficient: Not Available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not Available | Molecular weight: Not Available |
| Flash point (°C): Not Available | Taste: Not Available |
| Evaporation rate: Not Available | Surface tension: Not Available |
| Flammability: Not Available | Volatile component (%vol): Not Available |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Not Available | Gas group: Not Available |
| Vapor pressure: Not Available | pH as a solution: Not Available |
| Relative density (Water = 1): Not Available | VOC g/L: Not Available |
| Solubility in water (mg/l): Not Available | Specific gravity @ 20 °C (water = 1): Not Available |
| Vapor density: Not Available | |

10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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| Reactivity | See Section 7 |
| Chemical stability | Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See Section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | Open flames and high temperatures. See Section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers. See Section 7 |
| Hazardous composition | See Section 5 |

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| | |
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| Inhalation | Inhalation of vapors or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may produce serious damage to the health of the individual. |
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| Ingestion | Toxic effects may result from the accidental ingestion of the material. | | |
| Skin contact | The material may produce skin inflammation. | | |
| Eye contact | The material may cause eye irritation. | | |
| Chronic | May cause damage to health by prolonged exposure. | | |
| Pentobarsol C-II Solution | Acute toxicity | Irritation | |
| | Not Available | Not Available | |
| pentobarbital sodium | Acute toxicity | Irritation | |
| | Oral (rat) LD50: 118 mg/kg ^[2] | Not Available | |
| propylene glycol | Acute toxicity | Irritation | |
| | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 11890 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - mild | |
| | Inhalation (rat) LC50: ≥44.9 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild | |
| | Oral (rat) LD50: 20000 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] Skin(human):104 mg/3d Intermit Mod Skin(human):500 mg/7days mild Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] | |
| isopropanol | Acute toxicity | Irritation | |
| | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 12800 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 10 mg - moderate | |
| | Inhalation (mouse) LC50: 53 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - SEVERE | |
| | Oral (mouse) LD50: 3600 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 100mg/24hr-moderate Skin (rabbit): 500 mg - mild | |
| benzyl alcohol | Acute toxicity | Irritation | |
| | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 2000 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 0.75 mg open SEVERE | |
| | Inhalation (rat) LC50: >4.178 mg/kg ^[1] | Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1] | |
| | Oral (rat) LD50: 1230 mg/kg ^[2] | Skin (man): 16 mg/48h-mild Skin (rabbit):10 mg/24h open-mild Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] | |
| sodium chloride | Acute toxicity | Irritation | |
| | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: ≥10000 mg/kg ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 10 mg - moderate | |
| | Inhalation (rat) LC50: ≥10.5 mg/kg ^[1] | Eye (rabbit):100 mg/24h - moderate | |
| | Oral (rat) LD50: 3000 mg/kg ^[2] | Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild | |
| 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances | | | |
| Acute Toxicity | ✓ | Carcinogenicity | ✓ |
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion | ✓ | Reproductivity | ✓ |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation | ✓ | STOT – Single Exposure | * |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitization | ✓ | STOT – Repeated Exposure | * |
| Mutagenicity | * | Aspiration Hazard | * |
| * - Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification, ✓ - Data available to make classification. | | | |

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity


| Pentobarsol C-II Solution | Endpoint | Test Duration | Species | Value | Source |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| pentobarbital sodium | Endpoint | Test duration | Species | Value | Source |
| | NOEC(ECx) | 360h | Fish | 1mg/l | 4 |
| propylene glycol | Endpoint | Test duration | Species | Value | Source |
| | NOEC(ECx) | 336h | Algae or other aquatic plants | <5300mg/ | 1 |
| | EC50 | 72h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 19300mg/l | 2 |
| | EC50 | 48h | Crustacea | >114.4mg/L | 4 |
| | LC50 | 96h | Fish | >10000mg/l | 2 |
| EC50 | 96h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 19000mg/l | 2 | |
| isopropanol | Endpoint | Test duration | Species | Value | Source |
| | EC50(ECx) | 24h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 0.011mg/L | 4 |
| | EC50 | 72h | Algae or other aquatic plants | >1000mg/l | 1 |
| | EC50 | 48h | Crustacea | 7550mg/l | 4 |
| | LC50 | 96h | Fish | 4200mg/l | 4 |
| EC50 | 96h | Algae or other aquatic plants | >1000mg/l | 1 | |
| benzyl alcohol | Endpoint | Test duration | Species | Value | Source |
| | EC50 | 72h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 500mg/l | 2 |
| | EC50 | 48h | Crustacea | 230mg/l | 2 |
| | NOEC/(ECx) | 336h | Fish | 5.1mg/l | 2 |
| | LC50 | 96h | Fish | 10mg/l | 2 |
| EC50 | 96h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 76.828mg/l | 2 | |
| sodium chloride | Endpoint | Test duration | Species | Value | Source |
| | NOEC(ECx) | 168h | Crustacea | <0.63mg/l | 4 |
| | EC50 | 72h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 20.76-36.17mg/L | 4 |
| | EC50 | 48h | Crustacea | 340.7-469.2mg/l | 4 |
| | LC50 | 96h | Fish | 3644-4565mg/l | 4 |
| EC50 | 96h | Algae or other aquatic plants | 1110.36mg/L | 4 | |

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

| 12.2 Persistence and degradability | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
| pentobarbital sodium | HIGH | HIGH |
| propylene glycol | LOW | LOW |
| isopropanol | LOW (Half-life = 14 days) | LOW (Half-life = 3 days) |
| benzyl alcohol | LOW | LOW |
| sodium chloride | LOW | LOW |
| 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential | | |
| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation | |
| pentobarbital sodium | LOW (LogKOW = 2.0043) | |
| propylene glycol | LOW (BCF = 1) | |
| isopropanol | LOW (LogKOW = 0.05) | |
| benzyl alcohol | LOW (LogKOW = 1.1) | |
| sodium chloride | LOW (LogKOW = 0.5392) | |
| 12.4 Mobility in soil | | |
| Ingredient | Mobility | |
| pentobarbital sodium | LOW (KOC = 114.4) | |
| propylene glycol | HIGH (KOC = 1) | |
| isopropanol | HIGH (KOC = 1.06) | |
| benzyl alcohol | LOW (KOC = 15.66) | |
| sodium chloride | LOW (KOC = 14.3) | |

| SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS | |
|--|---|
| 13.1 Waste treatment methods | |
| Product/ packaging disposal | Containers may still present a chemical hazard/danger when empty. Return to supplier for reuse/recycling if possible. Otherwise: If container cannot be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill. Where possible retain label warnings and SDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product. DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first. DO NOT reuse containers. Bury empty containers in an authorised landfill. |

| SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION | | | |
|---|---|---|--------------------|
| Labels required | | | |
| |  | | |
| Marine pollutant: | NO | | |
| Land transport (DOT) | | | |
| 14.1 UN Number | 2810 | | |
| 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name | Toxic, liquids, organic, n.o.s. (contains pentobarbital sodium) | | |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | | Class | 6.1 |
| | | Subrisk | Not Applicable |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | | |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | | Hazard identification (Kemler) | 6.1 |
| | | Special provisions | IB3, T7, TP1, TP28 |
| Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR) | | | |
| 14.1 UN Number | 2810 | | |
| 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name | Toxic, liquids, organic, n.o.s. * (contains pentobarbital sodium) | | |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | | ICAO/IATA Class | 6.1 |
| | | ICAO / IATA Subrisk | Not Applicable |
| | | ERG Code | 6L |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | | |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | | Special provisions | A3 A4 A137 |
| | | Cargo Only Packing Instructions | 663 |
| | | Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack | 220 L |
| | | Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions | 655 |
| | | Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack | 60 L |
| | | Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions | Y642 |
| | | Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack | 2 L |
| Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee) | | | |
| 14.1 UN Number | 2810 | | |
| 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name | TOXIC, LIQUIDS, ORGANIC, n.o.s. (contains pentobarbital sodium) | | |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | | IMDG Class | 6.1 |
| | | IMDG Subrisk | Not Applicable |

| | | | |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 14.4 Packing group | III | | |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user | EMS Number | F-A, S-A | |
| | Special provisions | 223 274 | |
| | Limited Quantities | 5 L | |
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.8 Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code | Product name | Group | |
| | | Not available for any ingredient | |
| 14.9 Transport in bulk in accordance with ICG Code | Product name | Group | |
| | | Not available for any ingredient | |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Product regulated by FDA as a veterinary product.

Pentobarbital sodium is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List, US - California Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity, US - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 - Proposition 65 List, US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

propylene glycol is found on the following regulatory lists

US AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEELs), US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs), US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs), US EPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS), US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory, US Toxicology Excellence for Risk Assessment (TERA) Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL), US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

isopropanol is found on the following regulatory lists

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic, US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals, US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs), US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List, US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs), US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1, US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory, US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances, US TSCA Section 4/12 (b) - Sunset Dates/Status

benzyl alcohol is found on the following regulatory lists

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals, US AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEELs), US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs), US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory, US Toxicology Excellence for Risk Assessment (TERA) Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL), US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

sodium chloride is found on the following regulatory lists

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs), US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory, US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances


Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Section 311/312 hazard categories

| | |
|--|-----|
| Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids) | No |
| Gas under pressure | No |
| Explosive | No |
| Self-heating | No |
| Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid) | No |
| Pyrophoric Gas | No |
| Corrosive to metal | No |
| Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas) | No |
| Organic Peroxide | No |
| Self-reactive | No |
| In contact with water emits flammable gas | No |
| Combustible Dust | No |
| Carcinogenicity | Yes |
| Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) | Yes |
| Reproductive toxicity | Yes |
| Skin Corrosion or Irritation | Yes |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitization | Yes |
| Serious eye damage or eye irritation | Yes |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) | No |
| Aspiration Hazard | No |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No |
| Simple Asphyxiant | No |
| Hazards Not Otherwise Classified | No |

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4)

| | |
|---|---|
| None reported | |
| State Regulations | |
| US California Proposition 65 | |
|  WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including white mineral oil (petroleum) , which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov . | |
| National Inventory Status | |
| Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use | Yes |
| Canada - DSL | Yes |
| Canada - NDSL | No (pentobarbital sodium; propylene glycol; isopropanol; benzyl alcohol; sodium chloride) |
| China - IECSC | No (pentobarbital sodium) |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS /NLP | Yes |
| Japan - ENCS | No (pentobarbital sodium) |
| Korea - KECI | Yes |
| New Zealand - NZIoC | Yes |
| Philippines - PICCS | No (pentobarbital sodium) |
| USA - TSCA | No (pentobarbital sodium) |
| Taiwan - TCSI | Yes |
| Mexico - INSQ | No (pentobarbital sodium) |
| Vietnam - NCI | No (pentobarbital sodium) |
| Russia - FBEPH | No (pentobarbital sodium) |
| Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration | |

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Initial date: January 2023

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

| | |
|---|---|
| PC—TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average | TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit |
| PC—STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit | ES: Exposure Standard |
| IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer | OSF: Odour Safety Factor |
| ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists | NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level |
| IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations | LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level |
| AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals | TLV: Threshold Limit Value |
| IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China | LOD: Limit Of Detection |
| EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances | OTV: Odour Threshold Value |
| ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances | BCF: BioConcentration Factors |
| ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory | BEI: Biological Exposure Index |
| PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances | DSL: Domestic Substances List |
| INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas | NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List |
| NCI: National Chemical Inventory | NLP: No-Longer Polymers |
| FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances | KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory |
| NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals | TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act |
| STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit | TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory |

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